

# The Newport Mercury

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1844.

Established  
A. D. 1758.

**The Newport Mercury**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY  
**J. H. BARBER.**  
No. 133, Thames Street.

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No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.  
Single papers six cents, to be had at the Office.

**JOE PRINTING.**  
such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, Circulars, Cards, Notifications, &c. &c., promptly executed at the usual prices.

**STATIONERY, &c.**

**STEEL PENS ;** Lead Pencils ; Slate Pencils ; Ink Stands ; Wafers ; Pen Holders ; Blue Ink ; Taylor's Black Ink, superior to any other ; Ink Powder ; Writing and Letter Paper, of the best quality ; Quills ; Pencil Leads ; Black Sand ; Wallets ; Account Books of various sizes ; Commercial Blanks ; Bill Paper, &c. &c. For sale at No. 133 Thames street, by  
**J. H. BARBER.**

**SHIP WM. LEE.**

NINE and one half shares of Eightieths of said ship for sale as she came from sea, now lying at Clarke's wharf. Apply to  
**JOHN STEVENS.**  
Newport, April 13, 1844.

**FOR SALE,**

**50 BUSHEL** clean **SEED BARLEY**, of the first quality.  
**J. D. NORTHAM.**  
Apply to  
April 20.

**TO LET.**

In consequence of the gentleman who had engaged the upper part of the House next north of the subscriber, leaving town, the same Tenement is again to let, and immediate possession given.  
**S. T. NORTHAM.**  
Newport, April 27.

**Fancy Goods, Toys, &c. &c.**

In great variety, at Wholesale and Retail, at the Confectionary and Variety Store of  
**T. STACY, Jr.**  
Corner of Frank & Thames street,  
Newport, May 18, 1844.

**For Sale,**

House No. 224, corner of Thames and Sanford streets, near the north end of Main Street. Apply to the subscriber in Tiverton, or **JONATHAN T. ALMY, Esq.** in Newport and at the office of the Newport Mercury.  
**JAMES STEVENS**  
May 20, 1843.

**FOR SALE or to LET**

THE large three story brick Dwelling House, situated at the corner of Thames & Dennison st's, well known as the residence of Samuel Whitehouse, dec.; the lot measures 69 1-2 feet on Thames and 234 feet on Dennison street. The terms will be made known on application to  
**R. P. LEE, Assignee.**  
Newport, March 2.

**Administrator's Notice.**

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Administrator with the Will annexed, on the estate of Joseph J. Robinson, late of Newport, dec. hereby requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them for settlement, and all indebted to make immediate payment to  
**PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r.**  
with the Will Annexed.  
Newport, April 6, 1844.

**Newport Exchange Bank.**

A meeting of the stockholders of this bank, **MONDAY**, May 6th, 1844, David S. Holloway, Israel F. Lake, Nathan Hammett, Samuel Carr and John Sterne, were chosen directors for the ensuing year.

And at a meeting of the directors, the same day, Nathan Hammett, Esq. was re-chosen President.  
**JOHN STERNE, Cashier.**  
May 11.—3w.

**Havana & Principe Cigars,**

AND Cigar Cases of various patterns, for sale cheap at **STACY'S Variety Store,**  
May 25.

**DR. GALLUP,**

Regrets that he has been unavoidably prevented from returning as soon as he had intended, and hopes for the indulgence of his patients, with the assurance that a part of his time has been employed in making improvements and procuring materials for their benefit. He is now enabled to fabricate artificial teeth in blocks, or full sets, with coloured gums, and parts of jaw if required, at short notice, more beautiful and truer to nature and at lower prices than has ever before been offered in Newport of equal quality.  
[April 3.]

**R. P. BERRY,**

**SURGEON DENTIST.**

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Newport, that he is prepared to perform the various operations in his profession, for the preservation and beauty of the teeth.

R. P. B. will also insert Artificial Teeth in the most substantial manner, and of perfectly natural appearance.

**REFERENCE.**

James V. Turner, M.D. ; H. E. Turner, M.D. ; David King, M.D. ; H. N. Pierce, of Newport.  
J. Holms, M.D. ; L. W. Briggs, M.D. ; of Bristol.

Office at Mr. S. Peckham's in Church street, second house from Thames street.  
Newport, April 27.—tf.

**ADVICE GRATIS.**

Important news to the Sick and Afflicted.

**Mrs. Winchester,**

Doctress, may be consulted at her residence.

Patients who are incapable from infirmity of attending personally upon the Doctress, can by sending a correct statement of their case, be told whether they are curable or not, such as consumptive complaints, coughs, inflammation, weakness in the digest, kidney complaints, piles, shortness of breath, asthma, rheumatism, chronic and inflammatory nervous complaints, scrofula humors, salt rheum, erysipelas, plegmatic complaints, bleeding at the lungs, loss of appetite, humors in the blood, ulcers, bilious disorders, fever and age, yellow fever, female complaints, worms of different kinds, fever sores, deafness, and other similar diseases  
**CERTIFICATES.**  
Thomaston, April 20, 1843.  
This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs Winchester, after having been given over by two Physicians with the yellow fever and fever and ague, and much swollen, and in five weeks I was restored to good health by taking her medicine.  
**JOHN LEAVEY.**  
Plymouth, Sept 28th, 1842.  
This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs Winchester, after having been given over by my physician; he told me I was in a consumption and there was no help for me; but after taking her medicine three weeks I was restored to good health.  
**SAMUEL A. SNOW.**  
Fall River, February 20, 1843.  
I came under the care of Mrs Winchester with weakness and a bad humor in the blood, and female complaints; I had been to several physicians and could get no help after taking her medicine four weeks I was restored to good health.  
**PHEBE BLACK.**  
Plymouth, Oct 15, 1843.  
This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs Winchester with a bad humor in the blood and the diarrhoea; I had several physicians, they told me there was no help for me; after taking her medicine two weeks I was restored to my health.  
**CHARLES SANDERS.**  
Fall River, March 13, 1844  
This is to certify that I had three fever sores on my leg that had been standing 4 years, and a bad humor in my blood. I came under Mrs Winchester's care and in four weeks my leg was well.  
**WILLIAM H. MASON.**  
Fall River, Feb. 16, 1843.  
This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs Winchester with a bad humor and weakness in the blood, and had been unable to work for one year; after taking her medicine six weeks I can say I am in good health.  
**ELMIRA SHERMAN.**  
Dartmouth, Aug 12th, 1842.  
I came under the care of Mrs Winchester after my physician had given me over in a consumption, and for three weeks they did not expect my life; after taking her medicine, I was soon restored to health and am able to do my work.  
**RHODA SMITH.**  
Mrs. W. is now in Newport, and expects to be here the most part of the summer, and can be seen at Mrs. Fish's boarding House.  
April 13.—tf.

**TO LET**

House No. 145 corner of Thames & Mary street. For particulars as to terms &c. apply to  
**R. J. TAYLOR.**  
Newport, March 9.\*

**FOR SALE.**

A very pleasantly situated and valuable **FARM**, laying on the East side of this island, and 4 1-2 miles from Newport, being partly in Middletown and partly in Portsmouth, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land; it is well fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has on it a double two story dwelling house, a good wash room chaise and milk house, crib and grain house, and a large bouble barn; all the above buildings are in good repair—there is also a well of good soft water, and a water grist mill that will rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent grinding order.—There is also a large full grown green orchard, and a young orchard; both orchards are in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on reasonable terms as to price and credit, and any one wishing to secure an independence for life, will do well to purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is offered for sale on this island.  
**ROBINSON POTTER.**

**Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.**

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the Creditors of the estate of  
**PELEG WEAVER,**  
late of Newport, dec. represented insolvent, and six months from this date being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their claims before said Commissioners, We will attend at the house of Peter P. Remington, on the last Saturdays in September, October, and November next at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of deciding on such claims as may be presented against said estate.

**JAMES LAWTON,**  
**DANIEL C. DUNHAM,** } Comm'rs.  
**HENRY TAGGART,**

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to  
**PETER P. REMINGTON,**  
Administrator with the Will annexed.  
Newport, May 11, 1844.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator on the estate of  
**ABIGAIL CASTOFF,** widow, and on the estate of **CHARLES CASTOFF,** Mariner, both late of Newport, dec.

and has given bond according to law. All persons having demands against either of said estates are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to  
**CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r.**  
Newport, March 16.

**NOTICE.**

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Banister's wharf and Thames street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies, Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macaroni, Vermacilla, Nuts, bottled and Draft Ale & bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.  
**T. S. STANHOPE.**  
Newport, May 18th.—tf.

**Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.**

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of  
**MARY SMITH,**  
late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from this date, being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the Counting room of John V. Hammett & Son, on the last Saturdays in August, September and October at 3 p. m., for the purpose of deciding on such claims.

**ISAAC GOULD,**  
**JOHN V. HAMMETT,** } Comm'rs.  
**ROBT SHERMAN, 2d**

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to  
**CHARLES GYLES, Adm'r.**  
Newport, May 6, 1844.

**Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.**

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator de bonis non on the estate of  
**SUSAN MASON,**  
single woman, of Newport, dec., & given bonds according to law. All persons having demands against the estate, are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to  
**C. G. PERRY, Adm'r., de bonis non.**  
Newport, Feb. 10, 1844.

**Select Tales**

**THE AUCTION.**

A SKETCH FROM REAL LIFE.

BY JAMES REES.

It was a tempestuous night, the winds whistled fearfully, and hail stones whose size threatened to demolish the windows rattled against them with a determined pertinacity as if to test their strength. In the parlor of a fine old fashioned house, beside rather a comfortable fire on such a night were seated the family of Mr. Sunderland, consisting of himself, wife, daughter, and a faithful maid servant.—A heavy gloom, more of sorrow than of anger, rested on each brow, not even excepting that of the old maid servant alluded to, from whose eager glances, ever and anon cast toward the family group, the close observer would have noted the deep interest she took in the cause of their grief.

The picture was a melancholy one, for virtue in distress has no light shade to relieve it; all around and about it, is dark and sombre.—The sensitive artist would have thrown aside his pencil, if the subject had been presented to his view, as we have described it, and his heart would have received an impression, which could not have been transferred to the canvass. 'Tomorrow,' observed Mr. Sunderland, 'is the anniversary of the melancholy death of our dear Henry—to-morrow will be ten years since the vessel in which he sailed, was lost, and all on board perished—all—all!'

'Alas,' exclaimed his wife, as the tears coursed their way down her cheeks, 'to-morrow will be a melancholy day.'

'Indeed it will, for to-morrow this house which belonged to my father—the furniture which time has made, as it were, a part of ourselves, and associated with many a pleasant event in our lives, is to be sold—torn from us by the unrelenting hands of creditors; but thank Providence, misfortune, not crime, has reduced us to this state of poverty.'

'Will they sell every thing, Pa—can we secure nothing?' asked the daughter.

'No! my child, unless with what little money a friend has generously loaned me, I can secure a few articles. Ellen, my dear, take your pencil and put down: first the sideboard, two beds, sofa, chairs, and kitchen things. The sideboard if it is true, will be to us now a superfluous piece of furniture, but it belonged to my mother, and I cannot—will not part with it.'

'But my Piano, Pa!—must go?'

The wife sighed, the father cast his eyes toward the flickering fire, and the daughter was silent. The fate of the Piano was decided upon. A melancholy pause in the conversation plainly told how severe was the alternative—for the law never studies the feelings of the victims when exacting the penalty of a bond.

'Go, Mary,' said Mr. Sunderland, addressing the servant, 'go and request the Sheriff's officer, who is watching the property, to walk into the parlor; he is only doing his duty—no doubt it is painful to him, as it is distressing to us.' Let him have a seat at our fire, and a glass of wine, for it is a severe night.'

'It is indeed, a fearful night,' observed Mrs. Sunderland, 'and we have behaved rude to this man.'

'Mother, I made a fire in the room where he is, but—'

'Speak out child—it was the last stick.'

'Father, it was—'

Mary returned with the officer, a polite, gentlemanly man, for such should be the character of men who have to perform a part in the drama of life, not unlike that of the inquisitors of old, whose province it was to torture by the rack, with this difference, however—theirs was a physical torture—ours a mental one, administered with all the nicety and precision of legal justice! The officer politely accepted the invitation—tasted the wine, and endeavored to cheer his victims, by enumerating many cases of a similar kind, equally poignant and distressing. Thus the evening passed heavily and cheerlessly away.

On the morning of the contemplated sale, there was to be seen a crowd of people flocking to the house of Mr. Sunderland. Some out of sheer, heartless curiosity, friends of the family, who came with mockery on their lips—and empty purses. Others with an intent to purchase, but not one among the crowd showed the least desire to aid, assist or sympathize with the distress of the family. This is the world; we laugh at the misfortunes of our fellow creatures, and even mock their distresses, by witnessing in silence their sufferings. The Auctioneer was now making his arrangements, by flourishing his hammer, rolling his eyes, and using his tongue. The motly crowd gathered around him.—The House was put up first, it was accurately described—free from all incumbrances, and subject to a very small ground rent. It was started at five thousand dollars.—There were several bidders, all of whom seemed anxious to purchase it. Seven thousand five hundred dollars was at last bid, upon which the Auctioneer dwelt for a moment. Mr. Sunderland compressed his lips together, and muttered to himself, 'it cost my father fifteen thousand dollars.' Seven thousand five hundred dollars, going—once—twice—three times—for the last time going—eight thousand—thank you, sir—going at eight thousand once—eight thousand—eight thousand—thank you, sir—gone—what name? 'Clifford,' was the response, and all eyes rested on a tall, noble looking man, who had remained silent during the rapid bidding of the speculators—and who, as the whisper went round, was a total stranger.

'It is gone,' whispered Mr. Sunderland to his wife, as he pressed her hand in silent grief. 'We have no home now.'

'Now, gentlemen,' cried the Auctioneer, 'we will sell this sideboard, in regard to which I am requested by the creditor to say that it is an old family piece, and it is the wish of the owner to retain it if possible. I merely mention this, as it is known to you under what peculiar circumstances the things are sold.' This had the desired effect—no one seemed willing to bid against the unfortunate man, who started it at ten dollars. Twenty was bid by Mr. Clifford; twenty-five from Mr. Sunderland; fifty from Clifford silenced the anxious parents, and the family piece of furniture was knocked down to the new owner of the house. A gentleman who stood by, remarked that the act was a cold, heartless one. 'Was it,' sarcastically asked Mr. Clifford, 'then, sir, why did you not buy it for him?'

Mr. Sunderland was much affected at this little incident. 'He little knows how much he has lacerated this heart. But I will purchase the piano for my child. He stepped up to Mr. Clifford, and told him the desire he had to purchase the piano for his daughter, and hoped he would not bid against him.'

'Sir, said the stranger, 'I will not deceive you, as much as I respect your feelings, and the sympathy of this good company; I cannot, nay, will not, alter the determination made when I first entered this house.'

'And pray, sir, what may that be?'

'To purchase every thing in it, and by heaven, I'll do it, though I pay double price.'

'Strange,' muttered Mr. Sunderland, as he found his family in another part of the room.

The stranger fulfilled his promise, and actually bought every thing, from the house itself down to the very axe in the cellar!

After the sale was over, and the company had retired, Mr. Clifford requested the auctioneer to walk with him into an adjoining room. After the lapse of a few moments, they both returned to the parlor where the family still remained. The Auctioneer looked around, gave a knowing smile; wished them all a good day, and as he left the room was heard to say, 'I never heard of such a thing; a perfect romance, ha! ha! ha!'

'You are now,' observed Mr. Sunderland to Mr. Clifford, 'the owner of this house and furniture—they were once mine—let that pass.'

'I am sir, for the time being your landlord.'

'I understand you, sir, but will not long remain your tenant; I was going to observe, however, that there are two or three articles which I am anxious to purchase—that sideboard, for instance—it is a family relic—I will give you the fifty dollars, the price you paid, and I feel assured under the circumstances, you will not refuse me this favor?'

'I cannot take it, sir.'

'Obdurate—ungrateful man.'

'Will you not let Pa buy my piano, sir?' humbly asked Ellen. 'He will give you the price at which it was sold.'

'It is painful for me young lady to refuse even this—I will sell nothing—not even the wood saw in the cellar.'

'Then, Mr. Clifford, exclaimed Mr. Sunderland, 'we have no further business here; come, my dear—Ellen get your band box—let us quit this house—we are not even free from insult. Where is Mary?'

'I am here, sir—the key of my trunk is lost, and I am fastening it with a rope.'

'Stop, my girl—but methinks I purchased that trunk?' coolly observed the stranger.

'Mr. Clifford—I am not so old, but that I can resent an insult—nay, will if you carry this arrogant, and to me, strange conduct much further; that poor girl has been to me and mine the best, and I may say the only friend; she has remained with us in poverty, assisted us in our distresses, not only with her purse but her hands; she is to me not as a servant, but one of my family—for there is—thank heaven—no such base distinctions in poverty, that exists in a state of bloated wealth. Here—here—with nothing but we have upon our backs—the master and the servant are equal. She

is part of my family, and I will protect her from insult. That trunk is hers, and who dare take it from her? Not you, sir?'

Mr. Clifford cast his eyes upon Mary, who at that moment arose from the floor—for a moment they gazed upon each other in silence.—'And she, you say, has been to you a friend.'

'Indeed she has—a kind, noble one.'

'Mr. Sunderland, stay—one moment, my good girl, put down that trunk—take a seat madam; permit me miss to hand you a chair; Mr. Sunderland will you be seated?—I have yet something more to say. When you requested me to yield up the wish I had to purchase this sideboard, I told you that it was my determination to buy it, and I tell you now, that I will not sell it.'

'This, Mr. Clifford, needs no repetition.'

'Aye, but it does—and when that young lady made the same request for her piano, my answer was the same.—Stop, sir—hear me out—no man would act so without a motive; no one, particularly a stranger, would court the displeasure from a crowded room, and bear up against the frowns of many without an object. Now I had an object—and that was—to be seated, sir—Madam, your attention—that object was, to buy this house and furniture for the sole purpose of restoring them to you and yours again!'

'Sir, is this not a cruel jest?'

'Is it possible?' exclaimed mother and daughter.

Amazement took possession of Mary and her trunk fell to the floor with a crash causing her small stock of clothing to roll out, which she eagerly gathered up, and thrust back, without any regard to the manner with which it was done.'

'The Auctioneer,' continued Mr. Clifford, 'has my instructions to have the matter arranged by to-morrow. In the mean time, you are at home; Mr. Sunderland, you are in your own house—and I, the intruder.'

'Intruder, sir? Oh say not that—I am not a stranger to this house—I have known it to me—but I am yet to learn how I am to repay you for all this, and what could have induced you, a total stranger, thus to step forward. Ah! a thought strikes me—gracious heaven! Can it be? look on me Mr. Clifford—may start not? The stranger actually recoiled from the glance of Sunderland's eye—'look on me, sir—has that girl—that innocent girl—who stands trembling there, any interest in this generous act of yours?—speak, sir, and let me know at once, that I may spurn your offer and resent the insult.'

'I will not deny, sir, but that she has.'

'Me, Father, dear Father! I never before saw the gentleman's face.'

'Say not so, Miss—'

'Sir—I—I—Indeed Father, I—'

'Remember ten years back—call to mind a light haired boy, whom you called—'Brother—'

'Gracious heaven—Henry—my boy!'

'Is here—I am your long lost son!'

'Need we add more? Our readers can readily imagine that a more cheerful fire blazed upon the hearth, and that Mary, the faithful servant, was not forgotten in the general joy which prevailed on this occasion.'

**Agricultural.**

**THE FIELD CARROT.**—The soil best adapted to the carrot is a deep, rich loam, free from gravel or sand—if it is too adhesive, ashes and lime may be mixed with it. If barn manure be used, it should be entirely decomposed or rotted, and intimately mixed with the earth. The ground should be plowed deep and made mellow before sowing.

When the plants spring up, they should early be freed from weeds, and the earth loosened around them. The feeble plants should be pulled, leaving only the most hardy ones. At the second weeding they should be thinned again, leaving the most thrifty ones not less than twenty inches apart, so as to give abundance of room for the tops. In this manner, the writer has raised the yellow carrot no less than seven inches through, and at the rate of seven hundred bushels to the acre.

**SALT FOR STOCK.**—When animals are first turned to grass they need more salt than at other seasons, at least we infer this as they eat it more freely.

From the Boston Courier, Monday June 3.

**WOOL.**—There has not been any important change in the Wool market since our last review. Sales of both domestic and foreign have been made to a fair extent.

**PRICES OF WOOL.**—Prime Saxony Fleeces washed 45 a 48 cents per pound; American full blood, 43 a 45; do 3 4 do 37 a 40; do 1 2 do 33 a 35; do 1 4 and common do 28 a 32; Superfine Northern pulled lambs 37 a 40; No. 1, do do do 32 a 35; No. 2, do do do 25 a 30; No. 3, do do do 18 a 20.



## Late Foreign Intelligence

### 15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

#### Arrival of the Caledonia.

The British Steamer *CALEDONIA*, Capt. Lott, from Liverpool on the 19th ult. and Halifax on the 30th, was telegraphed on Saturday morning at about 6 o'clock, and arrived at her wharf at East Boston, at about 7. By her we receive our regular files of London and Liverpool papers to the 18th ult. The 19th being Sunday, there are no papers of that date.

The *Caledonia* brought 73 passengers from Liverpool. Nine were landed at Halifax, and the same number were taken from that place.

The Cotton market, at Liverpool, was dull, in consequence of the stocks in this country proving much larger than was anticipated there, and prices had declined 1 1/4 to 3 1/4, with a downward tendency. The state of trade in the manufacturing districts continued satisfactory.

The news of the Annexation project had been received, and excited considerable interest in England, but it was very generally spoken of as an "electioneering plot" of Mr. Tyler and Mr. Calhoun. The London papers publish the treaty itself and all the information concerning the documents that had come to hand, at length.

In the House of Lords, May 17, Lord Brougham addressed some inquiries to the Secretary for Foreign Affairs respecting the negotiations for the annexation of Texas to the United States, which he was afraid were "substantially but too true." He remarked that it was a matter of the greatest importance, with a view to the nice and difficult questions as connected with the law of nations, arising from the British treaties with Texas and the obligations under which the Texans had come to Great Britain. By some those obligations would probably be held to be dissolved—by others to be only transferred. The view in which he regarded the matter as the most important was as to the unhappy effect which the annexation would have on the great question of slavery in America. In point of policy and of commerce, the question was the great preponderance which the United States would acquire in the Gulf of Mexico, and the vast extent of coast which would be added to those States. He alluded to the conversation which had on a former occasion taken place in the House between himself and Lord Aberdeen, not a word of which he said pointed towards a desire on the part of any party, in or out of Parliament in Great Britain, to interfere in any way with the institutions of the United States, of which, unhappily, slavery was one.

The *Post* of Aberdeen in replying, briefly said he could not be expected to give a precise answer to the question put to him, or to enter at large upon the subject, comprising as it did a question which he believed new and unexampled in the history of public law. The question demanded and would receive the earliest and most serious attention of her Majesty's Government. He said it was undoubtedly true that a treaty of annexation had been signed; but before it would be of any validity it required the ratification of two-thirds of the Senate; and he shared with Lord Brougham in the hope and belief that it would not be ratified. He referred in explanation of the views of the Government to the conversation which he had held with the gentleman who represented the United States in that country, which he said had been most accurately reported by him, in the letter which had been published, among the voluminous documents which had appeared in the newspapers.

The piece of intelligence of the greatest interest in the House of Commons on the 6th, by Sir Robert Peel, of the plan which has been determined on for the renewal and amendment of the Charter of the Bank of England. This plan was clearly developed in an able speech. No explanation had been made of the causes of the removal of Lord Ellenborough from the Governor Generalship of India. Sir Henry Hardinge had been appointed his successor. The appointment appears to give general satisfaction. Sir Henry distinguished himself by his military services during a long tour of duty in Spain and Portugal, and in the battle of Waterloo. In the engagement at Ligny he lost his left arm. He has since that period held important appointments in the Government, viz: of Clerk of the Ordnance Department, Secretary for Ireland under the Duke of Wellington's Administration, and on the accession of the present Administration in 1841, again Secretary of War.

There is no later news from India and China than the telegraphic announcement of the arrival of the Overland Mail from Bombay to April 1, received by the last steamer. The particulars by that mail give no information of moment.

The steamer *Acadia*, which left this port May 1st, arrived at Liverpool at 3 o'clock on the morning of the 14th, with 102 passengers, and her papers forwarded by express, reached London at noon on the same day.

There had been a remarkable period of dry weather, in England, there having been no rain for about six weeks. Apprehensions began to be felt for the crop of grass.

The following under date of "Dublin, May 7," gives the amount of the progress made in the settlement of the case of "the Queen v. O'Connell." The arguments

on the motion for a new trial were concluded on the fourth instant:

On the 7th, Mr Justice Burton took his seat on the bench about half-past 11 o'clock and proceeded to hear the motions of the junior bar. In a short time after Judges Crompton and Perrin entered, wearing the appearance (it was remarked) of men who had been recently engaged in warm discussion. The bar had scarcely made their bow to their Lordships, when "silence" was again called for the Lord Chief Justice. At this time the Court was very full. All the law-officers and counsel engaged for the Crown, Mr Kemmis, the Crown Solicitor, some of the counsel for the defence, and two of the traversers only (Mr. Steele and Mr. Tierney) were in their usual places.

When the Lord Chief Justice entered a member of the outer bar was addressing the Court in support of some ordinary motion, which his Lordship listened to for a few minutes. As another gentleman was about to address the Court.

His Lordship, interrupting him, and addressing the Attorney General, said—"Mr. Attorney, I am sorry to tell you that the Court find that they cannot give judgment in the case until next term."

"The case," though not more specifically designated by his Lordship, was instantly understood to be that of "The Queen v. Daniel O'Connell and others." Public curiosity was satisfied, and in a few moments the Court was comparatively empty.

It is said that the Court were divided in opinion upon the motion, two to two, and there was considerable speculation as to the result.

A new Spanish Ministry was formed on the 4th inst., consisting of—General Narvaez, President of the Council and Minister of War.

The Marquis de Villuma, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

M. Mon, Minister of Finance.

M. Pidal, Minister of the Interior.

M. Mayans, Minister of Justice.

And General Armero, Minister of Marine.

The acting ministry signified to the Queen their willingness to support their successors, but the change was followed by no great harmony. Its cause had not distinctly transpired, but it was very generally attributed to the influence of the Queen mother who, it was said insisted upon the sales of the national property being stopped and the restoration to the secular clergy of all that part of the Church property which remains unsold.

All the persons arrested at Pampeluna on a charge of conspiracy in favor of Don Carlos, have been set at liberty, the charge having been found on investigation to be unfounded.

*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

### Twenty-Eighth Congress, FIRST SESSION.

THURSDAY, May 30, 1844.

SENATE.—Mr Barrow presented a resolution asking an inquiry into the expediency of admitting Texas cotton duty free. Mr Pearce proposed an inquiry as to the expediency of admitting Guiana cotton duty free.

A Pension Bill for the relief of widows of Revolutionary soldiers was ordered to be engrossed. Mr Bates, in the course of the debate, remarked that there were 5775 widows now upon the Pension Roll, at an average of \$70 per annum.

A Joint Resolution was passed prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors in the Capitol.

Mr McDuffie then made a long speech in reply to Senators who had opposed his bill to destroy the Tariff.

Mr Evans gave notice of an intention to call up his bill remitting duties on railroad iron, and in the mean time the Secretary of the Treasury is asked by resolution, what would be the amount of duties remitted on railroad iron imported since 1832, and paid down within three years after the importation.

The House adopted a resolution ordering an inventory of the furniture of the President's House, to be laid before Congress every four years, and a periodical inventory of all the Departments every year.

The bill extending the benefits of the Pension act to the widows of officers and soldiers who served in the Revolutionary war, was debated awhile, and laid aside to be reported to the House.

The Senate bill for the settlement of private land claims in certain of the Southern States, was then taken up, and the day given to its consideration.

FRIDAY, May 31, 1844.

SENATE.—Mr McDuffie continued his speech on the Tariff. In concluding he expressed his solemn conviction that this Government was rapidly sinking into corruption, and that as long as money was wrongfully collected, it would be wastefully expended.

Mr Choate replied.

HOUSE.—Mr Adams presented a petition of the citizens of Pennsylvania, in favor of an alteration of the Naturalization Laws of the United States so as to make a residence in this country of 21 years necessary to the enjoyment of the rights of citizenship. Mr Adams remarked that as in presenting this petition, it might be expected that he should express his opinion in regard to the subject it referred to. He would therefore state, that he was opposed to granting the prayer of the petitioners.

SENATE.—Mr McDuffie yesterday concluded his remarks against the pro-

ductive system. Mr Choate replied to so much of his remarks as were personal to himself.

Mr Bagby, Mr Bates and Mr Evans, also made a few remarks principally in the way of explanation.

In order to get a vote on the principles of the bill introduced by Mr McDuffie, Mr Allen moved to amend the resolution by inserting "that the duties imposed by existing laws on importations are unjust and ought to be reduced."

The question was taken on this amendment and decided in the negative, as follows: yeas 18 nays 25.

The question recurred on the question of jurisdiction which was also decided against the power of the Senate to originate the bill introduced by Mr McDuffie, only four gentlemen voted in favor of the power, Messrs. Haywood, Huger, McDuffie, and Woodbury.

The Senate concurred in the amendment of the House fixing the day of adjournment on the 17th instant.

HOUSE.—The minority of the committee on elections reported that Mr Jones was entitled to his seat. In committee of the whole, the bill to provide for the adjustment of land claims within the States of Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Mississippi; and the bill to pay for certain horses lost in the Florida war were considered and laid aside to be reported.

The committee then proceeded to consider the bill from the Senate appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to establish a Navy Yard and depot at Memphis, Tennessee, but found itself without a quorum when the committee rose and the House adjourned.

This morning the House adopted a resolution that on and after Monday next, it will meet at 10 o'clock A. M.

On motion of Mr Vance, the morning hour was postponed and the private calendar taken up. The bill to grant to Lieut. Wilkes the copy right of his work upon the Exploring Expedition, of which he had command, came up in its order. Mr Schenck addressed the House in opposition to the bill, and Mr Barnard in favor of it.

The bill was laid on the table and the private calendar proceeded with.

MONDAY, June 3, 1844.

SENATE.—Mr Buchanan presented a memorial for the alteration of the naturalization laws. He said there was much feeling on the subject in Philadelphia, and other memorials will follow.

Mr Benton presented a memorial from Oswego, N. Y. in favor of the occupation of Oregon.

Mr Archer submitted a resolution requesting the President if not, in his opinion incompatible with the public interests, to permit a copy of the correspondence between the American Minister to Mexico and the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs relative to the expulsion of Americans from California, and prohibiting their participation in the retail trade throughout Mexico.

Mr Henderson reported a bill from the committee on private land claims, conferring a grant of land in favor of the heirs of Dubuque.

Mr Wright from the committee of commerce, reported a bill granting a register to the British Barque *Esparto*.

The bill to omit duties on railroad iron was postponed.

Several messages were received from the President and not opened—probably Executive.

The Senate went into Executive session at one o'clock.

Mr. Breese did not speak on Saturday.

A collision then took place between Benton and Buchanan, on a collateral point.

The House met at 10 o'clock, to-day, but obtained no quorum till 11.

Mr C. J. Ingersoll moved to set aside two days for the consideration of the laws regulating commerce and navigation between the United States and Spain, Portugal, Denmark, Sweden, and the House Towns.

The motion was lost.

On motion of Mr McKay, the House took up the bill making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic service—Mr Davis, of Indiana, in the chair.

Mr Pollock moved an amendment requiring that all furniture bought for the two houses be of domestic manufacture.

Then a political debate arose in reference to Mr Polk, &c. In which Messrs. Harden, Black, Hamlin, Morris and Payne, took part.

TUESDAY, June 4, 1844.

SENATE.—After the transaction of some unimportant business, Mr Berrien reported to that body the bill making the election of President and Vice President all on the same day throughout the United States, with an amendment, which prevents it from taking effect until after the next election of President and Vice President.

HOUSE.—After the reading of the Journal of yesterday, Mr C. J. Ingersoll offered a resolution calling upon the President for information in relation to the quantity of rough rice exported from the United States into Great Britain. Mr Cave Johnson offered an amendment that the President be also requested to furnish the House with all of the correspondence and documents in relation to the Texan treaty.

Mr Ingersoll asked Mr C. Johnson to withdraw his amendment; but he declined and insisted upon his amendment. The Chair decided the amendment was in order. Mr White appealed from the decision of the Chair. Mr Ingersoll said if the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr C. Johnson) would withdraw his amend-

ment, he would ensure the presentation of the documents alluded to upon this assurance.

Mr C Johnson withdrew his amendment, and Mr White withdrew his appeal.

A resolution was passed to terminate the debate on the Civil and Diplomatic Bill at 12 o'clock (Wednesday.)

WEDNESDAY, June 5, 1844.

SENATE.—The bill making an appropriation for the support of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year, was read a third time and passed, (without amendment,) as it came from the House of Representatives.

HOUSE.—Mr McKay moved the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the whole on the state of the Union—agreed to. Mr J W Davis took the Chair, and the Committee resumed the consideration of the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill.

Mr Tibbatts, addressed the Committee in opposition to the doctrine of protection, and in favor of a revenue tariff granting incidental protection, and offered an amendment appropriating \$500,000 for the purpose of purchasing the stock of the Louisville and Portland Canal Company, that the tolls may be made free.

The Committee then voted on the various amendments proposed; some of which were adopted and others rejected.

The following petition was presented under the rules of the House:

From Citizens of Philadelphia, asking an extension of the naturalization laws to twenty-one years.

BY THE MAILS.

FROM HAYTI.—We announced yesterday the arrival of the brig *Elizabeth*, from Port au Prince, whence she sailed on the 22d of May, and gave the verbal intelligence received from the captain. Letters by the same conveyance report that General Gerard had sent in his resignation of the Presidency, in obedience to the popular will, and was encamped about fifteen miles from the capital, with his troops, waiting orders. It was reported that the black chief in the South, Acaan, was also disbanding his forces, and there was much hope for at least a temporary restoration of tranquility.

We may mention here, by the way, that the Paris papers brought by the *Caledonia* speak at large of a project said to have been discussed in the French Cabinet, for a partition of Hayti between France and England—France to take possession of what has been known as the French part of the island, and England of the Spanish. Whether the project was to be carried out by force, or with the consent of the inhabitants, the journals do not say.

N. Y. Com. Ad.

LATER FROM CARDENAS.—By the *sch. Orozambo*, Capt. Seargent, 9 days from Cardenas, (Cuba) we received the following intelligence. The country in that neighborhood was suffering severely from the drought, there having been no rain for 9 months. The inhabitants were unable to get in their crops on account of the inability of the cattle to draw, which are dying off daily in great numbers for food and water.

There was no vegetation whatever; freights were dull, and no business doing. There was plenty of molasses in the country, but none in Cardenas. There were, however, no means of getting it to the sea ports.

In Cardenas harbor, the brig *Harriet*, bound to Boston, in the act of getting under way, came in contact with the brig *Casco*, and carried away both her masts (the mainmast was broken in three pieces,) and stove in the hull. The *C.* was at anchor at the time.

We are informed by a passenger who arrived here yesterday on board the steam tow boat *Southern*, from the Passes, that on the 24th instant, eight negroes stole the pilot boat *Lafayette*, and put to sea. It is supposed that they will endeavor to make their way to some of the British West India Islands. Seven of the negroes belong to the pilots at the Balize, and one of them to Mr William Ellis.—We have no further particulars.—N. O. Tropic.

KIDNAPPING IN PHILADELPHIA.—The Philadelphia Times states that a most singular case of attempted kidnapping occurred in that city, a few days ago.—A tall, gayly dressed, nicely jewelled personage styling himself John Shaner, presented to the overseers of the Poor, a letter signed "John Muhlenberg" representing that Shaner was a wealthy farmer of Berks County, Pa., and that he was in want of a colored girl as a servant on his place. The Overseers selected from the Blockley Alms House a likely looking girl about 12 years of age, and bound her as an apprentice to Mr. Shaner. He started on with her for Maryland, immediately, in order to dispose of her as slave, but, stopping at Lancaster, his intention was suspected, and he was arrested. He was brought back the next day when the whole scheme was exposed, as it turned out there was no such man in Berks county as John Muhlenberg, and that Shaner was a rogue.

The Paulding, (Miss) Aurora of the 15th inst. announces two murders as recently committed in that State, in both instances by negroes on the persons of their masters.

The imports at Philadelphia during the quarter ending 31st March, were \$1,732,421, the duties on which were \$569,036.

LONG ISLAND RAIL ROAD.—The Company hope to open the road for travel on the first day of July, and in connection with the Norwich and Worcester, and the Stonington roads, to form a day and night route between New York and Boston.

A number of the passenger cars for this road passed through this city from Boston, last week. They are more commodious and elegant than any thing of the kind we have before seen, having state-rooms for the accommodation of families, with admirable arrangements for ventilation, and light at night, and comfort in every respect, so as to vary little from private parlors.

We further learn that it is in contemplation to extend the Long Island Road seven miles beyond Greenport, bringing its terminus to within fourteen miles of New London. Another project on the tapis is to extend the Norwich and Worcester Road down the river to a point opposite or below New London, so that the termini of the two Roads shall be brought within 13 or 14 miles of each other.

Norwich Courier.

It is reported, we believe with good foundation, that the Rt. Rev. H. U. UNDERSON has, by reason of physical infirmity, resigned his duties as Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the diocese of Pennsylvania.—N. Y. American.

COUNTERFEIT DIMES.—A large lot of counterfeit dimes were seized lately in Newport, (Ky.) and the individual who appeared to be the owner or a consignee, arrested. He was held to bail in the sum of \$1000. It is said they were sent from up the Licking river, but where of course, is not known.

ACCIDENT.—Mr James Birch, driver of the city team, came very near losing his life instantaneously yesterday. While driving his team up the steep ascent of Paris street, one of the horses stepped on his foot and threw him to the ground, and the wheel of the cart, the vehicle being loaded with nearly three tons of rocks, passed directly over his abdomen. Strange to say—so far as the physicians have been able to learn—he was not dangerously injured. Still the hurt may hereafter incapacitate him from following any laborious employment.—Portland Ad.

A CONVERTED JEW.—We learn that a very respectable Israelite is shortly to become a living member of the Church of Christ by the holy ordinance of baptism.—The individual we have reference to is Mr. Lewis Marks. The ordinance is to be administered by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Eastburn. Thus we see the prophecies are literally fulfilling under our own eyes. "And I will take you one of a city, and two of a family, and will bring you to Zion." Jer. in, 14th, and may the time soon come when the whole house may be brought to the knowledge of the truth.—[Boston Transcript.]

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The railroad has commenced delivering coal at No. 6, from the Coal region, and five boats have commenced a regular trade, yielding tolls to the amount of \$250 per week. The Cumberland Alleganias states that in addition to this, Messrs. Atkinson & Templeman have contracted with the Government for the delivery of 40,000 tons of coal in the District of Columbia, per Canal.

(Baltimore Sun.)

NEW WHALING ENTERPRISE.—Capt. Perry of the whale ship *Sally Ann*, arrived at this port yesterday reports that the islands of Amsterdam and St Paul's, in the Indian Ocean, had been taken possession of, by a French colony of about 30 persons. They had erected a number of houses, and had two schooners and boats to carry on the Whale Fishery. The arrival of another schooner with 80 persons was daily expected to join them.—The islands were entirely sterile and impracticable for cultivation.

[New Bedford Mercury.]

Six little girls were killed in Williamsburg, L. I. on Friday afternoon. They had been digging out ovens and apartments at the foot of a sand hill, until it became to some extent undermined, and a heavy portion of the bank gave way and covered them with many tons weight. There were seven in all, and one of them was got out alive, but horribly bruised and with the loss of an eye. One of them was fourteen years old, the others younger.

On Thursday forenoon, the wife of Elijah Conant, driver of the Framingham stage, committed suicide by hanging herself in her chamber with a towel. A week before she attempted to destroy herself with laudanum, but took too large a dose; and on this account Mr. Conant left a woman to watch while he came down to the city with his stage. She accomplished her purpose while the woman went down stairs to get some clothing, which she requested to have brought to her. She was a very handsome woman, about 21 years of age.—Boston Post.

Price of passage regulated by weight. A novel, but not irrational mode of regulating fare of passengers, has been adopted by the proprietors of waggon, on the National Road from Cumberland to Wheeling. It is literally by weight; each passenger being tested by the scales and charged so much per pound. The price is double the rate of inanimate freight, as the stowage cannot be quite so close—of course, the passengers are chiefly emigrants.

RUNAWAY SLAVES.—The Revenue Cutter *Forward* discovered a whale boat with fifteen negroes, off Cape May, 29th ult, and sent boats in pursuit, but the fugitives landed about a mile above Cape May Light House, and escaped. Among the articles found in their boat was a fine shirt, marked W. G. Smith. The boat has been left with the Collector at Wilmington, Delaware.

## THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

### Newport.

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1844.

#### June Town Meeting.

The Annual Election for Town-Officers was held in this town on Tuesday last.—Hon. R. B. Cranston, Moderator. The Officers of last year were generally re-elected, without opposition. The following are the principal appointments, with the proceedings of the Meeting.

Town Clerk—Benjamin B. Howland.

Town Council—Theophilus Topham, David M. Coggeshall, Eleazer Trevett, Nathan B. Hammett, Anthony V. Taylor.

Justices of the Peace—Referred to the Legislature.

Town Treasurer—George Freeborn.

Town Sergeant—James Lawton.

Commrs. School Fund—E. W. Lawton, J. A. Greene, Adam S. Coe.

School Committee—C. G. Perry, David King, J. H. Gilliatt, Wm. Gilpin A. Bush, C. T. Brooks, J. Smith, T. Thayer, Wm. Brownell, Silas Ward, D. C. Denham, E. Clarke, J. B. Weaver.

Assessors of Taxes—Thomas Bush, Charles Gyles, Isaiah Crooker.

Overseer of the Poor—P. P. Remington.

Collector of Taxes—J. Goodspeed.

Asylum Commissioners—E. W. Lawton, A. S. Coe, S. H. Cottrell, B. Marsh, Jr. B. B. Howland, D. Brayman, J. Stevens, G. Bowen, R. Dennis.

Constables—Jesse Dunham, James Smith, H. Taggart, Isaiah Burdick, John W. Davis, Jr.

Town Audit—E. W. Lawton, D. C. Denham, B. B. Howland.

Fire Wards—Wm. H. Douglas, S. M. Stedman, Isaac H. Spooner, Joshua Tripp, Wm. Brownell, Joseph Anthony, Silas Sisson, Silas H. Cottrell, Jonathan Records, jun., Edward T. Allan, Hanson Hull, C. J. Bliven.

Inspectors of Fire Hooks and Ladders—John Stevens (mason), J. V. Hammett, J. S. Munro, Joseph S. Cottrell, E. T. Allan, A. Bush, J. W. Shorman, David Sherman.

Auctioneers—J. C. Shaw, Jeremiah Goodspeed, E. Trevett, James T. Sherman, C. N. Tilley, John W. Davis, Jr., Nathaniel Sweet, Joseph B. Freeborn, Thos. T. Carr, Pardon White.

Pound Keepers—Abraham H. Tilley, Holder Almy.

Keeper of Powder House—James Shaw.

Town Crier—Wm. B. Greene.

Clerks of Markets—Edward T. Allan for upper, and Wm. Pengally for lower Market.

Bell Ringers—Philip Sherman, Eleazer Allen.

The Report of the Finance Committee was read and accepted, the substance of which is as follows:—

For demands on the Town Treasury up to June, 1844, \$1068 60

Repairs of streets and Highways, 1200 00

Support of Newport Asylum, 2000 00

Salaries of Town Officers and incidental expenses, 2500 00

Public Schools, 1600 00

Assessing and Collecting Tax, 400 00

Interest on Town Debt, 1300 00

Am't which should be in the Treasury, 400 00

Total \$10468 60

Resources for Payment:

Cash in Treasury, \$19 00

Rent of Market Stalls and Town land, 300 00

" " Town Hall, 100 00

Interest on School Fund, 550 00

Balance to be provided for, 9499 60

\$10468 60

The permanent debt of the town is \$24,000.

A tax of \$9,500 was then ordered to be assessed, in accordance with the recommendation of the committee—to be paid in by the 1st of October.

The Town Hall Committee declined serving any longer, and recommended that the Town Treasurer have sole charge of the Hall, hereafter, and a vote passed to that effect.

The Committee appointed last year, viz:—Wm. C. Corzons, E. W. Lawton and M. Freeborn, to make an arrangement with one of the Banks to pay the checks of the Town Treasurer, made a report, and were re-appointed for the same purpose.

The Report of the Public School Committee was then presented. The clerk was requested to read it, but before he had proceeded through a fourth part, a motion was made that the reading be dispensed with, and that it be printed, and Mr. M. Freeborn was thereupon



Immediately, and if the Council are not able to make a satisfactory arrangement, that they submit the subject to Referees.

The sum of \$500 was appropriated to defray the expense of celebrating the 4th of July, and Messrs. Wm. B. Swan, Wm. Gilpin, J. Atkinson, Wm. T. Tilley, Wm. C. Tilley and B. Marsh, Jr., were appointed a Committee of arrangements.

### Portsmouth Town Officers.

Elected at the annual Town Meeting on Monday last

**Town Clerk**—Richard Sherman.

**Town Council**—Joseph Childs, John Cory, Asa Freeborn, John H. Coggeshall, Peleg Coggeshall.

**Town Treasurer**—Gardner Thomas.

**Collector of Taxes**—Peleg Sherman.

**Overseer of the Poor**—Seth R. Anthony.

**Town Sergeant**—Peleg Sherman.

**BALTIMORE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.**—Hon. Silas Wright having refused to accept the nomination as a candidate for the Vice Presidency, tendered him by the Convention, that body on re-assembling on Tuesday, nominated on the 2d ballot, Hon. George M. Dallas of Pennsylvania, as the nominee of the Convention, for the Vice Presidency.

A Resolution was then adopted, that the Convention unanimously concur in the nomination of George M. Dallas of Pennsylvania.

Resolutions were also passed for the appointment of a Central Committee, formation of Associations, &c. After some closing remarks by the President, the Convention adjourned sine die.

**REJECTION.**—The Senate of the United States, we learn by the N. Y. Express, have rejected upwards of twenty of the nominations before them, among whom are mentioned the Collectors of Newport, New Bedford, New London, &c., the Naval officers at Baltimore, Post Master at Newark, N. J. and others.

It is rumored that William Ennis, Esq. has been nominated to the Senate as Collector of this port in place of E. Wilbur, Esq. rejected.

**CIRCUIT COURT.**—The Circuit Court of the United States, for the Rhode Island District, will commence its June term in this town on Saturday next, the 15th inst.

**YEARLY MEETING.**—The yearly Meeting of the Society of Friends in New England, will commence in this town on Saturday next, by a select Meeting at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Walker, of the steamer Rhode Island, for N. York papers furnished us in advance of the mail.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce of Thursday evening, says:—"We learn that the Rev. Mr. Vinton, of Newport, has accepted the call to become the Pastor of Emanuel church, Brooklyn."

Mr. Cuculla, Collector of the Port of New Orleans, died on Saturday, 23d May at pass Christian.

**Rev. CUTLER JACKSON.**—Agreeable to a "General Order" issued by the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury on the 1st of January, 1844, directing such of the Revenue Cutters as were deemed qualified for the service, to cruise during the months of January, February and March, as well for the protection of the Revenue, as for the relief of any distressed merchant vessels, which might be fallen in with, the U. S. Rev. Schooner Jackson, stationed at this port, under command of Capt. T. C. Rudolph, cruised during the period above mentioned, within the waters of the Vineyard Sound, and on the coast between Point Judith and Holmes Hole, being constantly at sea, except when obliged to make a harbor in "stress of weather," or to return to Newport for the purpose of recruiting her stock of supplies. Some idea of the service rendered and the benefit accruing from this regulation of the Department, may be inferred, when it is stated that during the months of January, February and March, she sailed by the log 2700 miles, boarded and spoke sixty-one vessels, quelled two mutinies and supplied nine vessels with men and provisions. It will be also recollected that the past winter has been one of extraordinary rigor and severity, and it cannot therefore admit of a doubt, that the course taken by the Secretary issuing this General Order, was not only wise and expedient itself, but, is entitled in an especial manner to the approbation and thanks of all concerned in navigation.

The Jackson is now under the command of Capt. Michael Connor, who has furnished us with the facts contained in the above statement.

The celebrated millionaire, Col. Thorn, came over in the Caledonia. His object in coming over to this country, we understand, is to obtain a place for two of his sons in the Military academy at West Point.

**ROBBERY OF MILLBURY BANK.**—Commonwealth vs. Abijah Learned, James Learned, and Jeremiah Learned.—In this case, it will be recollected, that, at the last term of the Court, the defendants were convicted for breaking into the vault of Millbury Bank, and robbing it of the sum of \$17,500 on the 15th of August last. A motion in arrest of judgment was made at that term, and was argued before the full Court in Boston, last February. At the present term, on Friday last Judge Allen gave the opinion of the Court, overruling the motion. A motion was then made for a new trial in the case of James Learned, on the ground that the book, introduced at the trial and which was then supposed to be spurious and to have been prepared by James, was a true one, and susceptible of such explanation as would exculpate James.—The motion was argued to the Court, and on Saturday the Judge decided that a new trial should be granted.

On Saturday, Abijah and Jeremiah were brought up for sentence. Abijah was sentenced to two days solitary imprisonment, and confinement to hard labor in the State Prison for the term of ten years.

Jeremiah was sentenced to solitary imprisonment two days, and confinement to hard labor in the State Prison 5 years. [Worcester Spy.]

**LATER FROM LAGUAYRA AND PORTO CABELLO.**—By the brig Selim, Capt. Dunham, which arrived last night from Laguayra 13th ult. and Porto Cabello 22nd, we have received the following intelligence. The rainy season had set in; it had rained incessantly for three months the roads through the mountains were consequently rendered impassable, and no produce could be brought to the markets. Coffee was scarce, as none had been brought to Laguayra. Business was dull and the markets glutted with American produce.

The export duties were taken off from coffee, Flour would not pay freight. A military guard had been stationed at Caracas on account of the coming elections, anticipating some insurrectionary movements.

The roads from Porto Cabello to Valencia and from Laguayra to Caracas were entirely stopped by the rains. The rainy season had commenced six weeks sooner than it had been known before for many years. Coffee and hides were very much damaged by the rains. The quarantine which had been on for eight months at Laguayra, was taken off just before the S. sailed.

**FREEBOOTERS ROUTED.—ONE KILLED.** A company of Freebooters, gradually growing in numbers, have been committing depredations around the neighborhood of the Catskill Mountains, N. Y., where they were their hiding places, and where they dissipated their plunder.—Saturday last, in conformity with a reward of fifty dollars offered by the Sheriff for Corwin's body, a company of seventy or a hundred men sallied out, with arms, to take the leader, one Alfred Corwin. He fled to a high range of woodland, whither he was pursued and surrounded. Two young men, named Merritt and Hall, discovered him in a thicket, when he presented one of his large horse pistols at Hall, but the pistol did not go off, the powder having been wet by his falling in a brook, and as he was preparing to fire a second time, Merritt levelled his rifle and shot the daring outlaw through the head, killing him instantly. The Coroner held an inquest and committed Merritt to the present, but he will probably be discharged and get the reward besides. Corwin's band dispersed, but the Sheriff will probably arrest many of them.

**THE SLAVERY QUESTION in the Methodist Episcopal Church decided.**—The vote was on Saturday morning taken, requesting Bishop Andrews to desist from exercising the functions of his office until the alleged disabilities [holding slaves] are removed, which was carried by a vote of ayes 110, nays 68.

This action on the part of the Conference is not mandatory, but advisory.—The vote expresses the sense of the Conference, and then leaves Bishop A. to act as his sense of duty shall dictate.

On Tuesday afternoon, the members from the slave-holding States, submitted this Protest, which, after debate, was referred to a Select Committee:

The delegates of the Conferences in the Slaveholding States take leave to declare to the General Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, that the continued agitation on the subject in the General Conference; and especially the extra judicial proceedings against Bishop Andrews, which resulted, on Saturday last, in the virtual suspension of him from his office as Superintendent, must produce a stage of things in the South, which renders a continuance of the jurisdiction of this General Conference over those Conferences, inconsistent with the success of the Ministry in the Slave holding States.

**THE STEAMER UNION.**—Lt. Hunter's craft being ordered to the Gulf, will now for the first time be in active service. At a distance, she looks like a pilot boat, while in fact her measurement is a thousand, and forty tons. Her cost was \$119,909. The steam engine of the Union is called a 250 horse power, but being on the high pressure plan, it can no doubt be worked at a much higher rate. Her rig is so simple that fresh water seamen can manage her easily.

There is usually no necessity for send-

ing men aloft, as in square rigged vessels. She can turn on her own centre, and with her full complement of crew, provisions, and twenty-five days' fuel, draws only 12 feet water. All these are decided advantages. Another great one is, that her machinery and water wheels are below the water line, and not exposed to the fire of the enemy.

**Brighton Market, Monday, June 3d.** Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 520 Beef Cattle, 26 pairs of Working Oxen, 320 Sheep, and Lambs, and 600 Swine.

**Prices.—Beef Cattle.**—The prices obtained last week were not sustained. A few choice cattle were bought Saturday, at 4.50. We quote to-day for extra 5 25; a 5 37; first quality 4 85; a 5 12; second quality 4 50; a 4 75; third quality, \$4 a 4 50.

**Working Oxen.**—We noticed sales at 60, 68, 70, 75, 85, and \$90.

**Sheep.**—A lot of lambs, 2 55; old Sheep 2 50; a 2 75; a lot not sheared, 4 75.

**Swine.**—Dull, and prices have further declined. Lots to peddle, 1 1-4c for Sows, and 5 3-4c for Barrows. At retail from 5 to 6 1-2c.

We are requested to give notice that there will be a Temperance Meeting at the Town Hall, on Monday evening next.

**NOTICE.** The annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Rhode Island, will be held in Zion Church, on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, commencing at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

**SICK HEADACHE.**—Peters' Cordial Lozenges, for sick and nervous headache. Dr. Peters' almost tears to speak of these Lozenges as they deserve, lest he should stifle the readers credulity, for claiming for them the power of invigorating the mind, of dispelling melancholy and low spirits, of subliming the imagination, of strengthening the nerves, of sweetening the breath, giving thereunto a balmy fragrance, and almost instantly curing the headache, and correcting nervous affections, he attributed to them no virtue which they do not fully possess. In addition, they are equal to any thing yet discovered for curing sea sickness, tending the stomach, and sharpening the appetite.

### MARRIED.

In Providence on the 3d inst, Mr. Charles A. Smith, to Miss Eliza S. Westcott, all of Providence.

### DIED.

In this town, on Tuesday May 29th, Wm. Moore Allison, Esq. aged 64 years. Mr. Allison early in life came to this town from South Carolina (with his brother Washington Allison, lately deceased,) for his education, since which period he has constantly resided here; his death will cause a void in his family and among an extensive acquaintance, which cannot be filled.—Cousin.

In this town, on Sunday last, Mrs. Harriet C. L. Eddy, wife of Mr. Wm. Eddy, and daughter of Mr. Caleb Tripp, in the 25d year of her age.

At the Newport Asylum on the 29th of May last, of consumption, William Austin, aged 16 years.

In Wickford on the 27th ult, Mrs. Mary P. Shaw, wife of Mr. George M. Shaw, aged 44 years.

In Warren 28th ult, Mrs. Nancy Munroe, wife of Mr. Palmer Munroe, aged 26 years.

In Tiverton, on the 24th ult, Mary M. daughter of Mr. Augustus Chase, aged 9 months.

In Philadelphia on the 30th ult, C. Cazo, novu Gardner, aged 27 years eldest son of W. C. Gardner Esq. formerly of this town.

### Marine List.

#### Port of Newport.

##### ARRIVED.

**SATURDAY, June 1st.**

Brig Rhode, (of Winsor, N. S.) Cur. Rio, 8 days from Pictou for Providence.

Brig John Frederick, Lamphere, fm Bangor.

U. S. Surveying sloop, Gallatin, Lieut. Com. Blake, and Vanderbilt, Lieut. McArthur, from the Delaware via New York, to complete the Coast Survey in this neighborhood.

Sch'r Cordelia, Pendleton, fm Wilmington.

Ninetta, Namor, fm Fall River for Philadelphia.

Leander, Johnson, fm East Greenwich for New York; Thaddeus, Walpole, fm Wilmington for Fall River; Planet, Howland, fm Fall River for Charleston; Isabella, Jefferson, fm Fall River for Washington, N. C.

Sloops Montilla, Wheeler, fm New York.

Sloops Nancy Finley, Adams, fm Albany for Nantucket; Monarch, Tyler, fm Bristol for Albany.

Cleared.—Brig Confidence, Cozens, Havana.

**SUNDAY, June 2d.**

Brig Prince de Joinville, Gardner, 8 days from Jaraca, with Molasses to Marshall & Cast. B. Left ship Wm. Engs, Coe, lg for Cronstadt and a market, unc. lg; Briggs Anawon, Swasey, fm Wilmington, disc; Poland, Lawton, at Cabanas lg for this port; sloop Franklin, Greene, Wiley, at Santa Cruz, lg for Savannah; Cora, Grand, to sail from H. same day for Sagua la Grande, to load for Boston; bark Empress (of Bristol) to sail 25th for Bristol.

Sch'r Denmark, Rider, fm Boston.

Sch'r Harvest, Presbury, fm Taunton for New York; Horatio Ames, Blake, fm do for do.

Sloop Jane, Hall, fm Providence for Pawcatuck; Rhode Island, Sturges, fm do for N. York; Superior, Smith, fm do for do.

Sloops Rienzi, Durfee, fm New York for Providence; James Lanpheer, Kenny, fm Providence for New York.

Sailed.—Brig Ready Rhino, for Providence.

**MONDAY, June 3d.**

Brig Hazard, Drinkwater, fm Somerset for Portland.

Sch'r Wm. Thompson, Stewart, fm Fall River for Baltimore.

Sch'r Florida, Read, fm Freetown for Philadelphia.

Sloop Tecumseh, Childs, fm N. York for Providence; Hudson, Crapo, fm Providence for New Bedford.

Sailed.—Brig Confidence, Cozens, Havana; Sch'r Planet, Charleston.

**TUESDAY, June 4th.**

Sch'r Miranda, Perry, fm Thomaston for Sag Harbor; Joseph Brown, Brown, fm Albany via Fall River; Candace, Brightman, fm Fall River for Baltimore.

Sloop Yankee, Hatch, fm Fall River for

New York; Brunette, Smith, fm Norwich for Providence.

Sch'r Darina, Nickerson, fm Providence for Boston; Sarah Lavina, Sherman, fm New Bedford for New York.

**WEDNESDAY, June 5th.**

Sch'r Frances, Bart, fm Fall River for New York.

Sloop Rienzi, Durfee, fm Providence for New York.

**THURSDAY, June 6th.**

Sch'r Thaddeus, Walpole, fm Fall River for New York; Seaford, Hughes, fm Norfolk for Fall River; Superior, Strout, fm Fall River for Harrington; Orator, Oakham, fm do; Yantic, Durfee, fm Fall River for New York; Albatross, Miller, fm Providence for New York; Adams, Nickerson, fm Baltimore for Providence.

Sloop York, Hudson, fm Providence for New York.

Cleared.—Sch'r Tasso, Howe, New York; Frances, Bart, do.

Passed up 10 a. m. barque Highlander, Mayberry, of and for Providence fm Cardenas; 3 p. m. barque Empress, of and for Bristol.

**FRIDAY, June 7th.**

Sch'r Patience, Barrett, fm Providence for Great Egg Harbour.

Sch'r Richmond, Backus, of Thomastown for New York; Brookhaven, Satterly from New York for Boston.

Sloop Willard, Miller, fm Bristol for New York; Empire, Dayton, fm Providence for do; Capital, Smith, fm Stony Brook.

### Marine Memoranda.

See report of brig Prince de Joinville at this port.

Arr at Cardenas 20th ult, brig Gen. Cobb, Stewart, fm Montego Bay.

Arr at Baltimore 21st, sch'r Canton, Cobb, hence.

Arr at Savannah 28th, brig Robert Bruce, Gardner, from Baracoa.

At Patagonia, no date, sch'r Sarah Ann, Smully, from Rio Janeiro for Falkland Islands.

At Gambia, Africa, about April 20th, brig Robert, Cook, from leeward.

Arr at Boston 26th, sch'r Isabella, Clarke, fm Fredericksburg; 29th brig Octavia, Smith, from Savannah.

Arr at New York, 28th, ship Eben Proble, Perkins, 16 days fm Apalachicola; sch'r Volusia, Clarke, 4 days fm Newburn, N. C.

Arr at Nantes, 4th ult, sch'r Hannah, Woodman, for New York.

Sailed fm Richmond, 2d inst, sch'r William Allen, Spaulding, for Greenwich, R. I.

At Havana 25th ult, ship Wm. Engs, Coe, for Cowes.

### WHALERS.

Bark Lenox, at Boston brings a report that whale ship America, of —, from Oahu, with 1000 bbls sailed March 11th for home, (probably barque America, of Bristol, R. I.)

### Diasters, &c.

Brig Barlowe, of and from Prov. via Fall River, for Charleston, with Granitic for Fort Sumter, went ashore morn of 17th ult, on Core Bank near Portsmouth, N. C. and immediately bilged. The long boat was got over the side for the purpose of saving the crew, but she was stove alongside—at low water a line was got to the shore, upon which they saved themselves. Sails and rigging saved; nothing saved from under deck. No insurance.

Barque Highlander, Mayberry, of and for Providence, in coming out of the harbor of Cardenas, sat 20th ult, got ashore, but would be got off without damage.

### Weekly Almanac.

1844. Sun Sun Moon High

**JUNE.** rises sets. rises. W. at r.

8 Saturday, 4 31 7 29 0 9 1 46

9 Sunday, 4 31 7 29 0 33 2 29

10 Monday, 4 30 7 30 0 58 3 12

11 Tuesday, 4 30 7 30 1 26 3 55

12 Wednesday, 4 30 7 30 1 57 4 42

13 Thursday, 4 30 7 30 2 32 5 27

14 Friday, 4 29 7 31 3 12 6 15

Moon's last q. 7th, d 3h, 29a afternoon.

### Meteorological Diary

FOR MAY, 1844.

Ther'm's WINDS. GENERAL ASPECT

MAY. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

1 44 69 52 SW Blustering Clear

2 46 60 52 SW Clear Cloudy Rain

3 45 55 52 SW SW Clear Thunder & Rain

4 48 60 52 SW SW Clear Clear Fog

5 46 60 52 SW SW Clear Clear Clear

6 50 66 54 SW SW Clear Clear Rain & Thunder

7 50 67 58 SW SW Clear Clear Clear

8 52 68 52 SW SW Clear Cloudy Cloudy

9 50 70 54 SW SW Clear Clear Clear

10 46 62 50 SW SW Clear Clear Cloudy

11 47 64 54 SW SW Clear Thunder & Rain

12 54 69 54 SW SW Clear Clear Cloudy

13 40 66 52 SW SW do do do

14 48 60 50 NE Cloudy Rain Cloudy

15 50 64 50 NE SW Fog Clear Clear

16 50 62 50 SW Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy

17 50 60 34 SE SW Thunder & Rain Cloudy

18 50 66 58 SW SW Rain Cloudy Cloudy

19 50 64 52 SW SE Clear Clear Clear

20 50 60 54 SW SE Rain Cloudy Cloudy

21 52 66 52 SW SW Rain Cloudy Cloudy

22 40 66 48 SW SW Clear Clear Clear

23 46 62 52 SW SW do do do

24 50 66 50 SW SW do do do

25 52 66 53 SW SW Clear Thunder & Rain

26 50 58 50 NE SW Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy

27 50 65 50 SW do do do

28 50 70 64 SW do do do

29 58 76 62 SW SW Clear Clear Clear

30 60 66 60 SE Clear Clear Cloudy

31 59 68 62 SW Rain Cloudy Rain

Mean average of this Month, 57 01

Mean do. of May last Year, 53 10

Mean do. of May 1826, the warmest } 59 48

Mean do. of May 1832, the coldest } 50 56

The past month has been the warmest May since 1827. The weather has been delightful and vegetation is now quite 3 weeks earlier than ordinary.

### R. I. Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders of the Rhode Island Bridge Company are hereby notified that a dividend will be paid on and after MONDAY June 3d, 1844 at the Bank of Rhode Island, during Bank hours.

W. A. CLARKE, Treasurer. Newport, June 1.

### Linen Gingham,

Stout, for gentlemen's Coats, at No. 132. J. M. COOK. June 1.]

### Assessor's Notice.

THE subscribers give notice that they have been chosen Assessors, to assess a Tax of nine thousand five hundred dollars, ordered to be assessed at the Annual Town Meeting, holden on the 4th day of June instant, on the inhabitants of the town of Newport, and the taxable property therein, to be collected and paid into the Town Treasury on or before the 1st day of October next;—We therefore call upon all persons interested, to give in to either of us, a list of their rateable Estates, under oath on or before Monday the 8th day of July next.

And we likewise give notice that we have appointed and duly authorized Jeremiah Goodspeed to make enrolment of those liable to do military duty in the town of Newport agreeably to the 4th, 5th, and 6th sections of the militia law passed in June session of the General Assembly, A. D. 1843, and all persons are hereby required to govern themselves accordingly.

THOMAS BUSH,  
CHARLES GYLES, } Assessors.  
ISAIAH CROOKER,  
Newport, June 8, 1843.

### NOTICE.

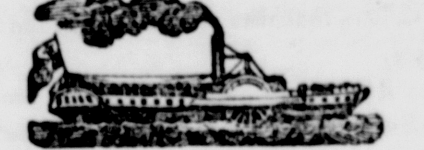
THE Town Council of Newport will meet at the Town Clerk's office on Monday next, the 10th inst, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to examine the registry of voters and correct the names as the law directs.

B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk. Newport, June 6, 1844.

### New Line for New York.

FARE ONE DOLLAR.

The new and splendid steamboat



### NEW JERSEY

CAPT R. H. FUREY,

Will leave Long Wharf, Newport, for New York on Monday afternoon, at about 8 o'clock.

Regular days of leaving for New York, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

From New York for Newport, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Tickets can be had and berths secured at No. 142 Thames Street, Newport of

CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent.

Freight taken at reasonable rates.

The New Jersey is a new boat, built for the sound navigation, has large and extensive cabins, a large number of elegant state rooms, and is fitted up in the best possible manner.

June 8.

### House and Land For Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his estate in Portsmouth, R. I., viz:—A new and convenient dwelling House and out buildings, and two acres of land beautifully situated about six miles from Newport on the road leading to the Glen, within a few rods of Mrs. Durfee's Ten-House. The House is one story high with six rooms on the floor and well finished throughout, the land and fixtures are in excellent order. Any person wishing to purchase will examine for themselves. The terms will be made easy.

SARAH C. GRINNELL.

Portsmouth June 8.

### Boarders Wanted.



## POETRY.

### The Dying Girl.

My mother! look not on me now,  
With that sad earnest eye;  
Blame me not, mother—blame not thou  
My heart's last wish—to die!  
I cannot wrestle with the strife  
I once had heart to bear;  
And if I yield a youthful life,  
Full hath it been of care.

Nay, weep not! on my brow is set  
The age of grief—not years;  
Its furrows thou mayest wildly wet,  
But never wash out with tears;  
And couldst thou see my weary heart—  
Too weary even to sigh—  
O mother! mother! thou wouldst start  
And say—"I were best to die!"

I know 'tis summer on the earth—  
I hear a pleasant tune  
Of waters in their charming mirth—  
I feel the breath of June,  
The roses through my lattice look—  
The bee sails singing by—  
The peasant takes his pruning hook—  
Yet, mother, let me die!

There's nothing in this time of flowers  
That hath a voice for me,  
The whispering leaves the sunny hours  
The young, the glad, the free—  
There's nothing but thy own deep love,  
And that will live on high!  
Then, mother, when my heart's above,  
Kind mother, let me die.

### The Maiden's Prayer

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

She rose from her delicious sleep  
And put away her soft brown hair,  
And in a tone as low and deep  
As love's first whisper, breathed a prayer,  
Her snow-white hands together pressed,  
Her blue eyes sheltered in the lid,  
The folded linen on her breast,  
Just swelling with the charms it hid,  
And from her long and flowing dress  
Escaped a bare and snowy foot,  
Which stooped upon the earth did press  
Like a new snow-dake white and mute;  
And then from slumbers soft and warm,  
Like a young spirit fresh from heaven,  
She bowed that slight and matchless form,  
And humbly prayed to be forgiven.  
O God, if souls unsouled as these,  
Need daily mercy from thy throne;  
If she upon her bended knees,  
Our holiest and our purest one;  
She with a face so clear and bright,  
We deem her some stray child of night;  
If she with those soft eyes in tears,  
Day after day, in her young years,  
Must kneel and pray for grace from thee,  
What far, far deeper need have we!  
How hardly, if she win not heaven,  
Will our wild errors be forgiven!

### A Chronological Account

of all material occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

#### 1755.

At the Annual Election on the first Wednesday of May, the following persons were elected officers.

Stephen Hopkins, Governor.  
Jonathan Nichols, Deputy Governor.  
**Assistants.**  
John Tillinghast, Robert Lawton,  
Nicholas Easton, Wm. Richmond,  
Nicholas Cook, Jeremiah Lippett,  
Obadiah Brown, Joseph Brownell,  
John Coddington, Thomas Hazard,  
Thomas Ward, Secretary.  
Daniel Updike, Attorney General.  
Thomas Richardson, Treasurer.

The election this year was warmly contested and the Governor, Deputy Governor, and four of the Assistants of the old Prox were left out of office. This contest laid the foundation for an acrimonious division, which under the name of the Ward and Hopkins parties, distracted the Colony for many years.

This year hostilities commenced on the frontiers between the French and English, without a declaration of war.—Col. Washington in an attempt with 400 men, to drive the French intruders from Ohio was attacked by 900 French and a large body of Indians and after a vigorous defence was forced to capitulate on condition of being allowed to return to Virginia.

The English government after remonstrating with the French Court against the conduct of their officers in America, began to prepare effective means of redress. The Army and Navy were increased and an expedition projected, effectually to protect the Colonies against further aggression.

The Government of Rhode Island, had early information, and at the January session passed an act for raising 100 men for his Majesty's service, and also to provide for fresh provisions &c for the troops expected from Europe in the Spring.

A new Militia law was passed. Benjamin Sherburne and others were incorporated as a troop of Horse in the Town of Newport.

In March the Assembly again met, and having received an order from the King, ordered 400 men to be raised immediately.

The re-building and enlarging of Fort George was ordered, and the Assembly voted £10,000 [old tenor] on condition that the town of Newport, would contribute £5000 towards the object.

Preparations were made to dislodge the French from Nova Scotia. An expedition

from Massachusetts under Col. Monkton took possession of the Country without much opposition. The inhabitants [Acadians] who had taken the oath of allegiance to the British Crown, being soon after accused of furnishing support and intelligence to the French and Indians, it was determined to remove them from their homes, accordingly upwards of two thousand souls were transported to different parts of New England, many of them were brought to Rhode Island, where in a land of strangers most of them pined away and died.

Gen Braddock with 2200 regular and provincial troops was this year defeated and killed by the French at Fort du Quebec.

Gov. Shirley, communicated to the Assembly of Massachusetts, a plan he had formed for reducing the French fort at Crown Point the ensuing spring. The plan was approved and Commissioners ordered to be sent to the other Colonies requesting their concurrence and aid.

The Colony of Rhode Island in addition to her full quota of troops, in September ordered 200 men to be drafted from the Militia to be sent to Crown Point.

The sum of £80,000 [old tenor] was issued to enable the Treasury to meet the extraordinary demands against it.

On the 18th of November, there was a very terrible earthquake in North America, the shock of which was the most violent, that was ever known in the country.

Rev. Ezra Styles was this year ordained [Oct. 1755] Pastor of the 2d Congregational Church in Newport.

This year a Census of the Colony was taken by order of the Lord Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, when the whole number was found to be 40,643, viz 35,939 Whites and 4697 blacks and Indians. Newport contained 6754 and Providence 3159.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

The last Warsaw Signal states that a rupture had taken place among the Mormons,—a respectable number of the most intelligent members of that body having seceded, under the guidance of William Law, and set up for themselves. It does not appear that the religious views of the seceders have undergone any material change.

They profess to believe that Joseph Smith was once a true prophet; but contend that he is now fallen from grace, and no longer worthy to remain at the head of the Church.

**ACCIDENT IN HOLLISTON.**—On Saturday evening last, as Mr. Rufus Fay, formerly of Southboro', Mass., was driving a pair of young oxen from the fields, the cattle became suddenly frightened, and Mr. Fay, in attempting to stop them, was thrown down. The wheel passed over his head, fracturing his skull and causing instant death. *Mercantile Journal.*

**Bad Air in Wells.**—Never go down into a well which has been any time out of use; or if it be deep without trying the air in it. This may be done by lowering a lighted candle—if it burns, there is no danger; but if it goes out the air is bad, and death would be the consequence of venturing into it. It is said that the air may be speedily corrected by putting into the well—say from a half bushel to a bushel of quick lime, which will absorb the carbonic acid gas—the agent alike deleterious to comfort and respiration. *Maine Farmer.*

**Education.**—Every boy should have his head, his heart, and his hand educated; let this truth never be forgotten.

By the proper education of his head, he will be taught what is good and what is evil; what is wise and what is foolish; what is right and what is wrong. By the proper education of the heart, he will be taught, to love what is good, wise and right; and to hate what is evil, foolish and wrong; and by the proper education of the hand, to add to the comforts, and to assist those that are around him.

The highest objects of a good education are to reverence and obey God, and to love and serve mankind; every thing that helps in attaining these objects, is of great value, and every thing that hinders us is comparatively worthless. When wisdom reigns in the head, and love in the heart, the hand is ever ready to do good; peace smiles around, and sin and sorrow are almost unknown.

**MATERNITY.**—Woman's charms are certainly many and powerful. The expanding rose just bursting into beauty, has an irresistible bewitchingness; the blooming bride, led triumphantly to the nuptial altar, awakens admiration and interest, and the blush of her cheeks fill with delight; but the charm of maternity is more sublime than these. Heaven has imprinted on the mother's face something beyond this word, something which claims kindred with the skies, the angelic smile, the tender look, the waking watchful eye which keeps its fond vigil over her slumbering babe.—*Selected.*

**LONGEVITY.**—On Wednesday a woman died in our city workhouse, at the very great age of 105 years. Her name was Mrs. Tamson Clarke, a native of Settling. She had been a widow twenty six years—was the mother of sixteen children, four of them being still alive; the youngest of whom was born when she was nearly fifty years old. Her eldest and third child is seventy-seven years old—an age intervening between the two. *Canterbury Journal.*

The widow of John C. Colt, the Barre Gazette states, is now in Warren, Worcester co., qualifying herself as a teacher. It will be recollected that she was married to Colt in prison, but a few hours before his death. Her original name was Caroline Henshaw.

They were luxuriating on green corn, of open garden growth, at Mobile, a week ago.

On Saturday the arm of a burglar was amputated in the Baltimore jail. He was shot in the hand and wrist while attempting to rob a house, and the wounds rendered the amputation necessary.

**Court of Probate, Little Compton, May 13th.**  
At this Court application was made for the appointment of an Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of **HANNAH HEAD,** late of Little Compton deceased.

It is ORDERED, that the same be received and the appointment of an Administrator as aforesaid, be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall, in said Little Compton on the second Monday in June next, at one o'clock, p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness  
**OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

**Court of Probate, Little Compton, May 13th.**  
At this Court application was made for the appointment of an Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of **PHILIP CHASE,** late of Little Compton, deceased, was presented for examination and approval.

It is ORDERED, that the same be received and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on the second Monday in June next, at one o'clock, p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order, three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness  
**OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

**Court of Probate, Little Compton, May 13th.**  
At this Court, Clark Wilbor, Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of **WILLIAM WILBOR,** deceased, requested notice for a settlement of his Account, as Administrator aforesaid, with this Court.

It is ORDERED, that the presentation and settlement of said account be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton, on Monday the 10th day of June next at 1 o'clock, p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness  
**OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

**Court of Probate, Middletown, May 20th.**  
THE Executor's 4th account on the estate of **GEORGE IRISH,** late of Middletown, deceased, was presented for examination and allowance.

It is ORDERED, that the same be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be held at the Town House in Middletown, the 31 Monday in June next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order 3 several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness,  
**JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Probate Clerk.**

### Save Your Postage.

A LIBERAL OFFER.  
THE New England Book and Periodical Company have made arrangements by which any person subscribing to them, and paying the regular subscription price, for any Monthly, Bi-Monthly, Quarterly, Foreign or American Magazine, can have the same supplied by mail, *post paid*, to any part of the United States.

All newspapers excepted by the above offer. Persons subscribing to an agent are not entitled to free postage.

All payments must be made free of expense to us, and in advance. Post Masters are authorized to frank all moneys to pay for periodicals.

Our ability to fulfil our part of the above offer, the best reference will be given when requested.

All communications must be addressed to the **New England Book and Periodical Company,** 22 Court Street, Boston.

**Congress Water.**  
JUST received and for sale fresh from the Spring, at STACY'S Confectionery.  
May 18.

**TO LET.**  
An Office over the Newport News Room  
Apply to **HENRY BULL.**

## SPRING FASHIONS.

**JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,**  
**TAILOR & DRAPER,**  
**No. 133 1-2**  
**THAMES STREET,**

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the Clothes wearing community in general, that he has opened the Spring campaign, with a full and fashionable assortment of goods, consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Gloves, Suspenders,

and almost every article for Gentlemen's wear.

He is now prepared to manufacture on the most reasonable terms, every description of **Fashionable Clothing,** at short notice.—If you want good bargains try J. M. Hammett, No. 133 1-2 Thames st. (directly under the Mercury Office) and you will never regret it, but it will induce you to call again.

**CUTTING** particularly attended to. **STRANGERS** visiting the town who are in want of Clothing, will find it to their advantage to call as above.  
Newport, April 6.

### Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery,

OF PATENT  
**Colored Photographs,**  
At the Malbone House, Thames street, Newport; 75 Court street, Boston; 251 Broadway, N. York; 136 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.—constituting the oldest and most extensive establishment of the kind in the world, and containing upwards of 1000 PICTURES. Admittance Free.

A METHOD has been discovered, and known only at this place, of painting the exact complexion and every variety of color in the dress.—Thus in addition to the unerring fidelity of the likeness, you have all the rich effects and high finish of the most exquisite painting.

These portraits having been awarded the first premium and highest honors by the American and Franklin Institutes respectively at their last exhibitions, are thus officially sustained in the position of superiority heretofore universally assigned them by the public, as the most beautiful Daguerreotypes ever produced.

Persons sitting for their Miniatures at this establishment are guaranteed a perfect likeness, colored exactly to nature, or no charge. Likenesses taken every day without regard to weather.

Plumbe's premium Apparatus & Rights, Plates Cases, &c. at wholesale and retail.

Newport, December 9, 1843.

### REGULAR MAIL LINE.

### FOR NEW YORK.

### NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Via Stonington Railroad

Daily. Sundays Excepted.

CABIN, \$3.75—DECK, \$2.50.

The daily line commenced on Monday, April 22d.

The RHODE ISLAND, Capt. Thayer, will leave Stonington Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. Comstock, Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, on the arrival of the mail train from Boston.

Freight 6 cts. per cubic foot.

WM. COMSTOCK, General Agent.

April 27.

### Marine and Fire Insurance

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

**\$150,000.**

All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—  
Solomon Townsend,  
William Rhodes,  
Tully D. Bowen,  
Robert R. Rhodes,  
Nathaniel Bishop,  
George S. Rathbone,  
Amos D. Smith,  
Resolved Waterman,  
Shubael Hutchings,  
Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to **GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.**  
**WILLIAM RHODES, President.**  
ALEXO. PACK, Sec'y.

American Insurance Co's }  
Office, July 14, 1842.

### BIRDS, BIRDS, BIRDS.

JUST received and for sale, Bird Cages of various patterns and prices; bird seed of every kind and of the best quality; bird glasses and bird books for the management and treatment of birds—all of which will be sold cheap at the variety store of

May 18. **T. STACY, Jr.**

### Excutor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed Executor of the last will and testament of **GEORGE BROWN,** late of Little Compton, dec., and has accepted of said trust and qualified himself according to law. He therefore requests all the debtors and creditors of said estate to make settlement with him without delay.

**HUMPHREY BROWN, Executor.**  
Little Compton, March 11.

## NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

**John H. Clegg**  
SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the Dye House, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to Dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths,	Silks,
Cassimeres,	Crapes,
Morinos,	Satinets,
Circassians,	Pongees,
Bombazines,	Hosiery
Gloves	&c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns, merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dresses, frocks and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woolen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann M. Eddy, next north of the Ferry Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley, Portsmouth.  
February 19, 1842.

## NEW FRENCH & AMERICAN Paper Hangings,

**Borders, Curtains, Chimney-Board Papers, &c.**

THOSE in want of the above articles, are respectfully invited to call and examine a New and Beautiful Assortment, just received at

**No. 22 Broad Street,**

which surpasses in variety and low prices any before offered for sale by

**M. FREEBORN.**

April 6, 1844.

## RHODE ISLAND COAL

Of the First Quality.

NOW for sale on Chase's Wharf, at prices heretofore unknown in these parts, those that want good and cheap Fuel, call upon

**ISAIAH BURDICK, Agent.**

Newport, Dec. 18.

## Administrators' Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, administrators on the estate of their father, Audley Clarke late of Newport, dec., hereby request all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to either of them, and those having demands to present them for settlement.

**PELEG CLARKE,** } Adm'rs.  
**WM. A. CLARKE,** }  
**EDWARD CLARKE,** }

Newport, April 4th, 1844. 11.

## SODA, SODA, SODA.

IF you want as Good an Article as can be found in the Great City, and the best in this Good City, just call at STACY'S Confectionery, and you can be supplied with it in bottles, with or without syrup, by the dozen or single, or drawn from the fountain with a great variety of syrups that cannot be surpassed in quality in this or any other city.

May 18.

## HATS & CAPS,

CHEAPER than can be bought at any Grocery or Cheap Store in town; among which are Beaver, Nutria and Mole Skin Hats. Glazed Caps 33 cents. Boys Velvet Caps 42 cents; and articles in proportion, at the CHEAP Hat and Cap Store, next door north of Messrs W. B. & E. J. Swan's, and nearly opposite the Post Office.

April 13—5w.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Jamestown, administrator with the will annexed, on the estate of

**NATHANIEL HAMMOND,** late of said Jamestown dec., and has given bonds according to law. All persons having demands against the estate, are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

**WALTER WATSON, Jr.**  
Administrator with the Will annexed.  
Jamestown, February 29, 1844.

## Perfumery & Cosmetics.

Fancy Soap, &c. &c., in great variety, just received and for sale at the Confectionary and variety store of

**T. STACY, Jr.**

May 18.

## 50 pieces superfine and common Ingrain

Carpeting;  
40 pieces straw Matting, 50 do hearth Rugs;  
Painted Floor Cloths;  
Cotton and Lint Carpetings,  
Received by

**E. W. LAWTON & SON.**

April 13, 1844.

## BLEACHED and unbleached Col-

tons by the piece or yard, CHEAP at No. 132 by

**J. M. COOK.**

May 11.

## Elements of SOCIAL DISORDER,

A PLEA FOR THE WORKING CLASSES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Price 15 cents.

Just received, and for sale at No. 133 Thames street, by **J. H. BARBER.**

May 11.

## Spring Arrangement.

For Newport & Providence.

FARE 50 CENTS.

The Steamer

**IOLAS,**

**CAPT. B. F. WOOLSEY.**

Will leave Newport and Providence as follows, until further notice:

From Providence—Tuesday, at 9 1/2 a. m., Wednesday, 9 1/2 a. m., Thursday, 9 1/2 a. m., Friday, 9 1/2 a. m., Saturday, 9 1/2 a. m., Sunday, 8 a. m.

From Newport,—Monday at 8 a. m., Tuesday 3 p. m., Wednesday, 3 p. m., Thursday, 3 p. m., Friday, 1 p. m., Saturday, 3 p. m.

The Iolas will land at India Point every morning, Sunday excepted, to accommodate passengers from Boston in the morning train. The above arrangement will connect with the New York boats every morning and afternoon, and also cars from Boston, every morning, Monday excepted, and from Newport Monday at 8 a. m., and Friday at 1 p. m., and arrive in Boston same afternoon.

The Iolas will accommodate military, fire and all other societies on reasonable terms, and also families making excursions to Newport. All children under 6 years, in company with parents, no charge, over 6 and under 15 years, 25 cents.

Freight taken at very reduced rates. Horse, wagon and driver, \$2.

The Iolas will make four passages through July and August, leaving Newport at 5 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m.; from Providence 9 1/2 a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m.

April 27.

At the Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"

**NO 92 Thames Street.**

**JUST RECEIVED**

From Boston in addition to the former Stock of

**Medicine Dye Stuff and Perfumery,**

Extract of Rose,